

**Section 3****Quiz****The Protestant Reformation** (textbook pp. 353–357)**A. Key Terms**

Match the descriptions in Column I with the terms in Column II. Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

**Column I**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. To give up one's views
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Idea that God determined long ago who would gain salvation
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Pardon for sins
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Government run by church leaders

**Column II**

- a. indulgence
- b. predestination
- c. recant
- d. theocracy

**B. Main Ideas**

Write the letter of the correct ending in the blank provided.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. To pay for Church projects, the clergy
  - a. raised fees and sold indulgences.
  - b. waged wars.
  - c. traded with other nations.
  - d. taxed Roman citizens.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. The Roman Catholic Church reacted to Luther's ideas by
  - a. spreading them to non-Christians.
  - b. sentencing him to death.
  - c. excommunicating him.
  - d. adapting Church doctrine.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Luther believed that souls could be saved only through
  - a. the Church.
  - b. faith.
  - c. buying indulgences.
  - d. participating in a crusade.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Luther preached that all Christians
  - a. should join a church.
  - b. had equal access to God.
  - c. should travel to Rome.
  - d. would enter heaven.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Calvin taught that humans were by nature
  - a. saints.
  - b. sinners.
  - c. believers in God.
  - d. Catholics.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Laughing in church and dancing were considered by Calvinists to be
  - a. healthy outlets for young people.
  - b. immoral practices of Catholics.
  - c. allowable on special occasions.
  - d. offenses that warranted punishment.

**Section 4 Quiz****Reformation Ideas Spread** (textbook pp. 358–363)**A. Key Terms and People**

Complete the sentences in Column I with the terms or names in Column II. Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank in front of each sentence.

**Column I**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. The \_\_\_\_\_ were a Protestant sect that argued against infant baptism.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Because the union had not produced a son, Henry VIII wished to \_\_\_\_\_ his marriage.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. The \_\_\_\_\_ were determined to combat heresy and spread the Catholic faith.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ (s) were set up during the Reformation and Jewish people were forced to live there.

**Column II**

- a. Anabaptists
- b. annul
- c. ghetto
- d. Jesuits

**B. Main Ideas**

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. What sort of religious policy did Elizabeth pursue during her reign?
  - a. one of strict compliance with Catholic rituals
  - b. one of compromise between Catholics and Protestants
  - c. one that set Catholics and Protestants against each other
  - d. one that led England into a religious war
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Why did Queen Mary imprison her half-sister Elizabeth?
  - a. She had led an uprising.
  - b. She was beautiful.
  - c. She was popular and Protestant.
  - d. She had converted to Calvinism.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. What was one result of the Council of Trent?
  - a. war with France
  - b. excommunication of Luther
  - c. abolishment of the Catholic Church
  - d. reaffirmation of traditional views
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Which institution strengthened the Inquisition during the Reformation?
  - a. Parliament
  - b. the Church of England
  - c. the Holy Roman emperor
  - d. the Roman Catholic Church
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Who were most often accused of being witches?
  - a. women
  - b. children
  - c. men
  - d. clergy
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Why did Henry VIII break from the Catholic Church?
  - a. to please his subjects
  - b. to keep wealth in England
  - c. to annul his marriage
  - d. to become an Anabaptist