

# African Nationalism and Independence

Geography of Africa	African History
<p>Africa is GEOGRAPHICALLY DIVERSE --&gt;</p> <hr/> <p>Key Resources and CASH CROPS include:</p> <hr/>	<p>West African Kingdoms: _____</p> <hr/> <p>W. African kingdoms became wealthy through the trade of: _____</p> <p>MANSA MUSA MUSLIM from MALI</p>

## NEW IMPERIALISM in Africa

BERLIN CONFERENCE: \_\_\_\_\_

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

## CASE STUDY: SOUTH AFRICAN INDEPENDENCE

### BOER WARS



- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

# APARTHEID IN SOUTH AFRICA

Apartheid -

Apartheid is similar to the \_\_\_\_\_ which both deprived targeted groups of rights. They are based on racist ideas which seek to reinforce WHITE MINORITY RULE and disenfranchise majority groups.

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## Nelson Mandela: Nationalist Leader/Freedom Fighter

### African National Congress (ANC)

Organization formed to eliminate white minority rule & fight for the rights of Blacks in South Africa. Led by NELSON MANDELA.

ANC Strategies Used (Non-Violence):

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)

Sharpeville Massacre: Government uses violence against protestors.

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### How did Apartheid come to an end?

Desmond Tutu - Nationalist Leader

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F.W. DeKlerk - South African President

1990:

1994:

**NELSON MANDELA is DEMOCRATICALLY ELECTED AS THE 1st BLACK PRESIDENT OF SOUTH AFRICA**

### S. Africa After Apartheid

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)
- 4)
- 5)

